1	Cindy A. Cohn, Esq. (SBN 145997) Wendy Seltzer, Esq.
2	ELECTRONIC FRONTIER FOUNDATION
3	454 Shotwell Street San Francisco, CA 94110
4	Telephone: (415) 436-9333 x108 Facsimile: (415) 436-9993
5	Attorneys for Plaintiffs ONLINE POLICY GROUP
6	Jennifer Stisa Granick, Esq. (SBN 168423) STANFORD LAW SCHOOL
7	CENTER FOR INTERNET & SOCIETY 559 Nathan Abbott Way
8	Stanford, CA 94305-8610 Telephone: (650) 724-0014
9	Facsimile: (650) 723-4426
10 I,1	Attorneys for Plaintiffs NELSON CHU PAVLOSKY and LUKE THOMAS SMITH
12	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
13	FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
۱4	ONLINE POLICY GROUP, NELSON CHU) No.
15	PAVLOSKY, and LUKE THOMAS SMITH DECLARATION OF LUKE THOMAS
16	Plaintiffs, SMITH IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFFS' APPLICATION FOR TEMPORARY
7	V RESTRAINING ORDER AND FOR
8	DIEBOLD, INCORPORATED, and DIEBOLD PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION ELECTION SYSTEMS, INCORPORATED,
19	Defendants.
20	
21	
22	[, Luke Thomas Smith, declare under penalty of perjury that the following is true and
23	correct:
24 25	I am Luke Thomas Smith, a plaintiff in the above-captioned case. My address is 500
26	College Avenue, Swarthmore, Pennsylvania 19081
27	2. I am a second-year undergraduate student at Swarthmore College in Pennsylvania,
28	planning to major in Computational Linguistics/Computer Science am especially interested in
	DECLARATION OF LUKE THOMAS SMITH IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFFS' APP FOR TRO AND FOR PRELIM INJUNCTION

the way humans use technology to connect to each other, and form communities.

- 3. I am one of two founding members of the Swarthmore Coalition for the Digital Commons ("SCDC"). The organization was started by myself and Nelson Chu Pavlosky. We started the organization in September, 2003. The group was inspired by the Electronic Frontier Foundation, Lawrence Lessig, Creative Commons, and the Free Software Foundation. Our organization is dedicated to promoting free and open-source technological standards, because we believe that democracy depends on the public being well-informed, particularly about the effect of technology on government, and to encourage Internet users to reclaim the Internet as a democratic medium for the dissemination of information. Our group works to build awareness of the value of nonproprietary information and public discourse
- 4. The organization operates a website on the Swarthmore computer network. The website describes the organization's goals and mission, serves as a critical means for notifying members of upcoming meetings, and contains updates on the organization's activities and projects. SCDC uses the website to communicate about projects promoting democracy as it relates to technology, and to convey this information to the general public. Swarthmore provides Internet connectivity to students as a service included in Swarthmore's \$36,000 a year tuition fee
- 5. Diebold is a company that makes electronic voting machines. On October 21st, 2003, our organization posted on our web page an email archive that appeared to be from Diebold employees discussing problems with the company's electronic voting machine. Our goal was to show the public the serious and deep-seated problems with the Diebold machines, and we posted the emails on SCDC's website as part of our mission to educate the public about the need for a transparent voting system
- 6 One day later, the college administration told us that they had received a letter from Diebold claiming that we were infringing their copyright by posting this information. The school

need to, but they were far enough away that we didn't know what we'd find when we got there (bad rover communication).

[source: http://chroot.net/s/lists/ support.w3archive/200003/msg00034.html]

- 9. I immediately recognized the significance of these messages to the SCDC's mission of promoting informed civic participation through transparency and the responsible use of technology. Even before I had heard of the Diebold email archive, SCDC was interested in non-proprietary voting software, and members had discussed doing something about the issue at the first or second meeting. The only way the public can know if the voting technology really works is if they can see how the software works. The archive exposed serious flaws in Diebold voting machines, and the dangers of relying exclusively on a software company to report flaws in their own technology. I felt that the public should know that these machines were flawed, because such problems could potentially affect the outcome of elections. I thought that educating the public about this was a unique opportunity for the SCDC. I wanted people to have a chance to evaluate a system by which many will exercise one of their most fundamental rights the right to vote.
- 10. At some point I was told that Why-War's commercial website host forced them to remove the email archive from their website upon receiving a legal complaint from Diebold Corporation. On October 21, 2003, two individual Swarthmore students posted the documents on the Internet from their personal computers.
- On October 21st, SCDC decided to post the email archive on our website. That day, Nelson Chu Pavlosky, two other students, and I were invited to a meeting with the Swarthmore Dean, Bob Gross, for October 22nd. At that meeting, the Dean said that Swarthmore College received a Cease-and-Desist letter from Diebold Corporation. None of the members of SCDC, including myself, had seen the letter in question, but the Dean stated that Diebold's letter referred to an individual student's server posting the email archive, and to links from the SCDC to that server.

At the meeting, the administration was not clear about whether or not it would take down SCDC's posts of Diebold archives.

- A few hours after the meeting, I received an email from the system administrator of the student group that hosts the SCDC site saying that they had been instructed by Information Technology Services ("ITS") to remove the files, and had disabled access to them. I first understood that posting the archives was against Swarthmore's policy from ITS's email. After receiving the email, I posted a link to Why-War's website and their copy of the email archives. On or about October 23rd, a Swarthmore student alerted SCDC to the fact that linking to the archives is against Swarthmore's policy, and Nelson Chu Pavlosky removed the link. Neither my personal site nor SCDC's website currently displays or links to the archive.
- Transparency" for the week of December 1, 2003. The goal of the symposium is to bring together people from across disciplines to discuss the issue of voting transparency. The symposium will compile recommendations for improvement of the voting process, including the improvement of technical standards for voting machines. Our ability to discuss the significant problems with electronic voting system, problems that could result in erroneous election outcomes and a corruption of our democracy, will be severely curtailed because we won't be able to discuss the Diebold email archive illustrating these problems with symposium guests. Our symposium will not be effective if people are not informed about these serious flaws. Because we cannot link to the archive or distribute or post it for attendees to read, we are effectively prohibited from fully discussing this important matter at the symposium.
- 13. I was seriously concerned that I would be sued by Diebold for making the email archive available. Even though I believe that the public needs to know the information contained in the email archive, the prospect of being sued by a multi-million dollar corporation is extremely

为: (4.4 年) · 通知的数数

worrisome, given the potential havoc it could wreak by distracting me from my studies and school activities, and potentially derailing my educational, career, and financial goals.

- 14. If I, as an individual, choose to post the email archive or link to it from my own computer, I'm afraid that Diebold could also get the Swarthmore administration to cut off my Internet access, possibly indefinitely, which would hinder my ability to pursue my studies, complete my assignments, or prepare for class.
- 15. Diebold's actions have also harmed my experience as a student concerned with the effect of technology on government and society. I am afraid to discuss the Diebold email archive with friends, with other students and with the world at large. I fear that Diebold will come after me and sue me, or pressure the Swarthmore administration to take disciplinary action against me if I discuss the problems with voting technology revealed in the email archive. feel that my academic freedom and my freedom to discuss the political process and to participate in it especially as a first-time voter are seriously hampered.
- 16. If SCDC, as a group, posts the email archive or links to it from their website, the group may not be able to get chartered and/or recognized by the Student Council, and thus may lose the possibility of school funding. The website may also be taken off of the Swarthmore network by the administration, hampering communication between the group's members regarding the group's activities, meetings, etc. The general public would not have access to our links and FAQs offered by the website. The administration, via the ITS, can widely block student web servers on the Swarthmore network in order to stop the uploading of the archive, should students choose to move it from server to server. Students would thus be prevented from posting any material to the Internet.
- 7. I am very concerned that people need to know about the voting machine flaws discussed in the Diebold email archive, or risk contamination of the electoral process. I fear that these hidden flaws in the voting machines will result in false election outcomes, and may decrease voter

riaktischtürktete

confidence and participation 18. Diebold's letter to Swarthmore prevents me from using the SCDC and its website as a tool for learning and debate about our core mission interest of informing the public about issues that affect citizens' ability to participate in our government and in our society in general. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania that the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed in Pennsylvania. LUKE THOMAS SMITH -7DECLARATION OF LUKE THOMAS SMITH IN SUPPORT OF
PLAINTIFFS' APP FOR TRO AND FOR PRELIM INJUNCTION